11th INTERNATIONAL CRIME AND PUNISHMENT FILM FESTIVAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE FOR ALL

26 NOVEMBER – 2 DECEMBER 2021 ISTANBUL UNIVERSITY DOCTORATE HALL

Whistleblowing for the Global Climate

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LAC-Urteil

How many Tennis Champions do you need to hide

CREDIT SUISSE dirty business?

Marc Thommen/Jascha Mattmann, Whistleblowing für das Weltklima, sui generis 2021, S. 13



Basic question

Can activists who commit crimes (acts of vandalism, unauthorised demonstrations, resistance to state authority) to draw attention to climate change invoke a state of "climate necessity"?



Hypothesis

If activists commit crimes to raise awareness (blow the whistle) for global warming, their acts cannot be justified, but at least excused.



Criminal Liability

Elements of Crime	Objective Elements - Act - Result - Causation	Subjective Elements – Intent – Conditional Intent
Unlawfulness	Justificatory - Necessity - State of Emergency - Whistleblowing	
Culpability	ExcusableNecessityState of EmergencyWhistleblowing	

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Between 2016 and 2018, Credit
 Suisse invested a total of 57.4
 billion dollars in fossil fuels, which
 are responsible for the majority of
 global greenhouse gas emissions.



On 22 November 2018, a group of around 20 people from the movement "Lausanne Action Climate" dressed as tennis players entered the entrance hall of the Credit Suisse branch in Lausanne to play a mock game of tennis.



- The activists' aim was to draw attention to climate change in general and to demonstrate against Credit Suisse's investments in fossil energies.
- They played tennis because the Swiss Tennis Player Roger Federer is sponsored by Credit Suisse.



- Under #SiRogerSavait (If Roger only knew), they wanted to draw attention to the bank's climatedamaging investments.
- The activists behaved peacefully and did not prevent the bank's customers from passing by.



- The activists refused to leave the bank.
- The police broke up the action by carrying them out.



 13 January 2020 Lausanne District Court acquited all defendants.



 This acquittal made news around the world: BBC, New York Times, Retweet by Greta Thunberg, Reaction Roger Federer Climate activists behind Credit Suisse tennis stunt acquitted



- 22 September 2020, Cantonal Appellate Court convicts activist for trespassing and violating the Lausanne police regulations.
- They receive minor monetary penalties.



 26 May 2021, Federal Supreme Court confirms convictions (6B_1295/2020).



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Article 186 – Unlawful Entry

Any person who, against the will of the owner, unlawfully enters a house... or who remains therein despite the request of the owner to leave, shall be liable on complaint to a custodial sentence not exceeding three years or to a monetary penalty.



Article 286 – Obstruction of an official act

Any person who prevents ... a civil servant from performing an act that is within their official powers shall be liable to a fine not exceeding 30 daily penalty units.



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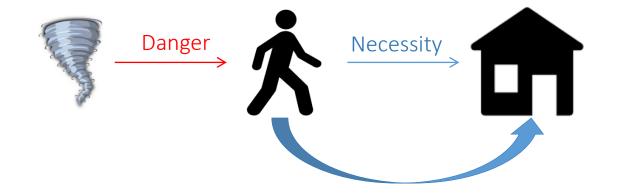
Article 17 – Justifiable necessity

Situation of necessity

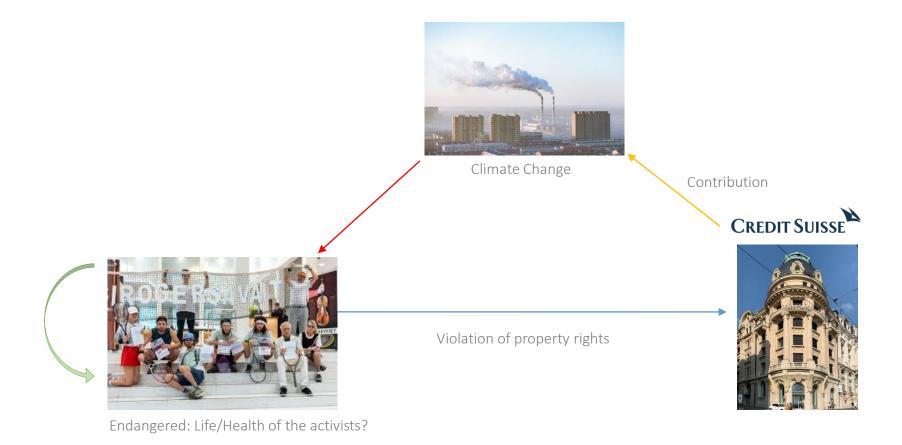
- Individual interest
- Danger
- Immediacy

Act of necessity

- Suitability
- Subsidiarity
- Weighing of interests



Necessity



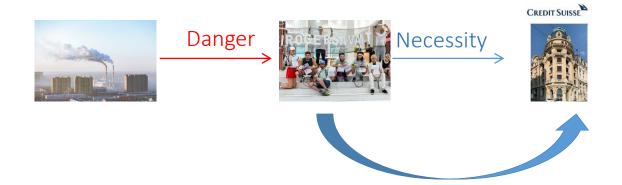
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Situation of necessity

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Act of necessity

- Suitability
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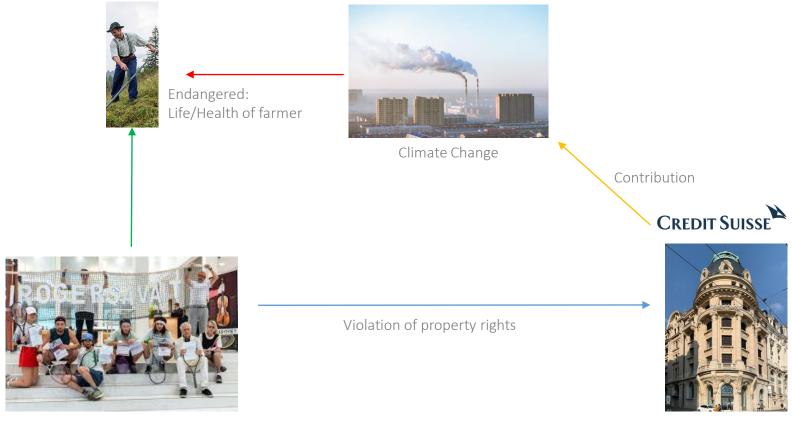


Article 17 – Assistence

A person who commits an act that is punishable by law in order to save his or her own legal interests or those of another person from an immediate danger that cannot be averted in any other way is acting lawfully if in doing so he or she is safeguarding interests of a higher order.



Assistence

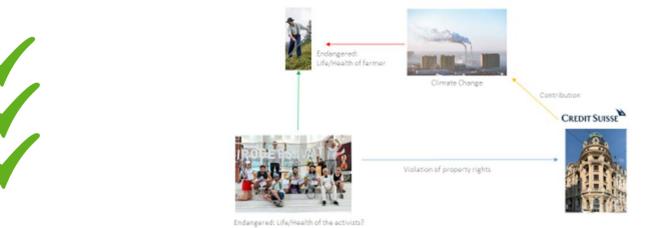


Endangered: Life/Health of the activists?

Assistence

Situation of necessity

- 3rd party interest
- Danger
- Immediacy
- Act of necessity
- Suitability
- Subsidiarity
- Weighing of interests



State of Emergency

- Extra-statutory justification
- Commission of crime...
- ...to protect of common goods



State of Emergency



State of Emergency

Situation of necessity

- Common interest
- Danger
- Immediacy
- Act of necessity
- Suitability
- Subsidiarity
- Weighing of interests





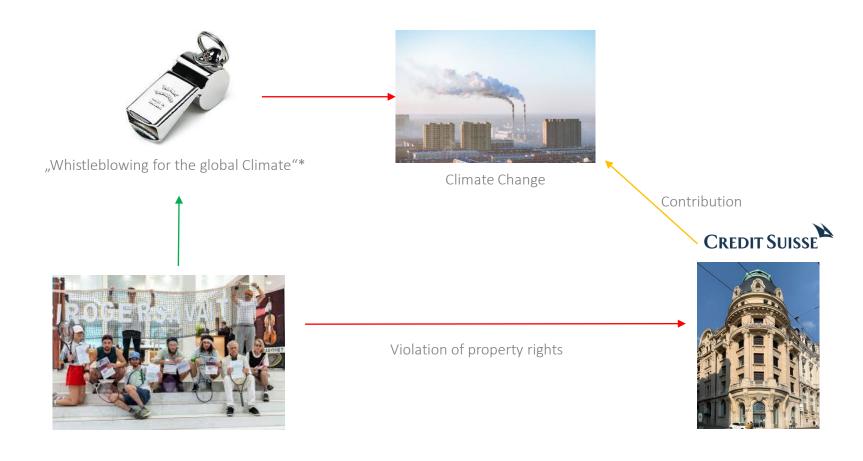


- Extra-statutory justification
- Commission of crime...
- ...to pursue a socially desired goal
- ...or to engage in constitutionally protected activity



The crime of the activists could be justified not because they wanted to save lives but because they wanted to raise awareness for global warming, i.e. to blow the whistle for world climate.





Goal

- Socially desired
- Constitutionally prot.



Means

- Suitability
- Subsidiarity
- Weighing of interests 🔀



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- Extra-statutory **excuse**
- Commission of crime...
- ...to pursue a socially desired goal
- ...or to engage in constitutionally protected activity



The crime of the activists could be excused because they wanted to raise awareness for global warming, i.e. to blow the whistle for world climate.



Goal

- Socially desired
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Means

- Suitability
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- Weighing of interests



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We showed that activists who commit crimes to raise awareness (blow the whistle) for global warming, their acts cannot be justified, but at least excused.



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